ST. STEPHEN'S JUNIOR SCHOOL BEHAVIOUR POLICY



1. Policy Statement

At SSJS, we are committed to creating a sense of belonging for every pupil so that they can feel safe, thrive at school and succeed in life. Central to this is a consistent and positive approach to behaviour management and the creation of a culture where exemplary behaviour is both expected and celebrated. Our policy and school approach are based around the work of Paul Dix¹, our understanding of the school's context and our rules of 'Ready, Respectful, Safe.'



This policy is intended to be used in conjunction with other school policies, including:

- Anti-Bullying policy
- Racial incidents policy
- Exclusion policy
- Parents code of conduct policy

2. Aims of the policy

- To embed a culture of exceptionally good behaviour and endorse our ethos of 'This is how we do it here.'
- To celebrate and prioritise behaviour that is positive in our school rather than time or attention being overly focussed on negative behaviour. See Appendix C: SSJS Behaviour Blueprint.
- To ensure that pupils are treated fairly and respectfully, supported by adults to reflect and take responsibility for their actions in a positive way.
- To provide a clear and consistent guide for staff, pupils and parents in terms of behaviour. Consistency and certainty are essential for pupils regarding our response to behaviour across the school.

¹ 'When the adults change everything changes: Seismic Shifts in School Behaviour' by Paul Dix www.pauldix.org



3. Expectation of adults

i. All Staff

We expect all adults to:

- o Refer to our school rules of 'Ready, Respectful, Safe' and celebrate positive examples.
- o Model positive behaviours and build relationships with pupils.
- To provide recognition and praise to pupils who go above and beyond and to maintain a focus on positive behaviour and celebrating this within the school day.
- To remain calm when dealing with unacceptable behaviour and use the script for intervention if needed.
- To follow up on behaviour every time, retain ownership and engage in reparation discussions with our pupils.
- o Never to ignore or walk past learners who are behaving badly.
- Seek advice, further training, or clarification with the Headteachers if they are unsure as to their role or responsibility with any of the above.

ii. Teachers

Teaching staff will uphold the Teachers Standards (Appendix A). In relation to behaviour and this policy, the expectation is as follows:

'Teachers make the education of their pupils their first concern and are accountable for achieving the highest possible standards in work and conduct. Teachers act with honesty and integrity; have strong subject knowledge, keep their knowledge and skills as teachers up-to-date and are self-critical; forge positive professional relationships; and work with parents in the best interests of their pupils.'

In addition to our expectations for all staff, teachers will:

- o Meet and greet pupils at the classroom door.
- o Teach appropriate behaviours where necessary.
- o Plan lessons that engage, challenge, and meet learner's needs.
- o Use the 'recognition board' daily along with other positive tools for behaviour.
- Play a leading role in the monitoring of a pupil's behaviour, asking for further. support, intervention or review of class provision when deemed necessary.



iii. Middle Leaders

Our middle leaders (Heads of Year) will work with other colleagues to support, guide and model our approach. This includes:

- Being a visible and positive presence in the year group and learning community.
- Supporting staff with pupil reparation meetings, parent meetings or other related conversations about behaviour.
- Supporting with meaningful consequences and the facilitation of these where needed (e.g., break and lunch time, ensuring staff have a time and space with pupils to have reparation meetings and discussions).
- Regularly celebrating staff and learners who have gone above and beyond.
- Encouraging the use of our positive praise techniques and ensuring that praise is a constant focus in classrooms.
- Highlighting any needs for further training and development in relation to behaviour to the Headteachers.
- Working alongside teachers to review pupil provision for children who may be demonstrating poor behaviour.
- Celebrating positive behaviour, above and beyond and '*This is how we do it here*' by giving emphasis in assemblies.

iv. Senior Leaders

Senior Leaders will:

- Meet and greet pupils and parents at the start of the day.
- Endorse, encourage and support brilliant behaviour wherever possible in the school day and beyond.
- Work as part of the senior team rota to support staff in dealing with behaviour when required.
- Record and monitor behaviour incidents that are safeguarding flags and review for patterns and trends on a regular basis.
- Ensure that all pupils are supported in achieving high standards of behaviour.
- Review any referrals, Behaviour Support Plans, or other strategies regarding the behaviour of pupils to ensure that actions are timely and effective.
- Use behaviour data, staff and pupil voice and parent feedback to monitor effectiveness of our approach and tailor next steps.
- Celebrate our staff and pupils who go above and beyond.
- Bring emphasis to 'This is how we do it here' for staff, pupils and parents.



v. Trustees

Our trustees will:

- Meet and greet parents and pupils at the start or of the day when visiting the school at those times.
- Identify pupils who are demonstrating the brilliant behaviour that we celebrate in our school and share this feedback with them.
- Spend time with pupils to gather their thoughts and feelings about our school and our approach.
- Attend meetings with staff, parents and pupils around behaviour and additional steps and measures that can be put in place to support pupils.
- Endorse our shared commitment of belonging for all along with the expectation of exemplary behaviour for everyone in our school, staff and pupils alike.

4. Celebrating behaviour - recognition and reward

Children at our school should encounter praise and encouragement throughout their day. This builds a sense of pride and achievement for them as individuals but also creates a positive atmosphere and culture within our school. Here are some ways that we celebrate and recognise good behaviour and also show our commitment to encouraging our pupils to aim for 'above and beyond.'

Recognition board	Names added to the recognition board in classroom when demonstrating the behaviours for learning that are explicitly taught within the classroom setting. These include: speaking politely, being a terrific team- mate and active participation.
Personal Best certificates	For demonstrating personal best in aspects of learning and behaviour throughout a school day. This focus here is upon an individual's efforts and achievements in relation to their abilities and areas of focus.
Phone call home	To highlight and celebrate an element of excellent conduct that has been observed by a staff member.
Mini postcard	Awarded by members of support staff who see the children at break times, lunchtimes, and other times in the school day. Given to say thank you for the efforts of a pupil through their actions (such as kindness, offering to help, being a role model).
Tokens	Awarded to pupils when demonstrating effort and focus on our visual consistencies that we want to see throughout our school: Legendary lines, magnificent manners, and tremendous transitions.



Golden Time	An additional play time in the afternoon for those who have gone above and beyond throughout their day. Teachers choose children based on the child's own personal best, individual needs, and effort. A selection of children each day of the week will be chosen from each class.
Weekly Headteacher Award	Awarded to one child in the class each week who has embodied our school values and who has demonstrated exemplary behaviour and conduct. Celebrated with either ice cream or hot chocolate with Headteachers.
Trips and experiences	Used as a reward for a selection of pupils each long term who have regular evidenced exemplary behaviour and going 'above and beyond.'

5. Managing behaviour

We ensure that learners are held responsible for poor or unacceptable behaviour but are supported by our adults in reflecting upon this and taking steps to make better decisions and choices in the future. Considering preventative measures for the future and understanding behaviours to tailor support where needed are essential elements of what we do.

i. Reminders and steps in relation to poor behaviour

Staff across the school use the same steps and script when dealing with poor behaviour and children are given 'take up time' between steps to ensure that they are mindful of the path that they are taking when they continue to demonstrate behaviour that is not acceptable in our school. We expect teachers to adopt the practice of PIP and RIP – praising children in public whilst providing reminders about behaviour in private, or as discretely as possible.

See appendix B for our 5 steps and the script that is used by our staff.

ii. Reparation Discussions & restorative practice

We use a restorative method to promote the high standards of behaviour and to resolve incidents where behaviour is not acceptable. More information regarding reparation discussions is below:

- If a reparation discussion is required, we expect as a school that these take place in a timely manner as soon after the event as is practical and possible.
- We recognise that some children may need more time to calm down and deescalate after an incident and that discussions may be delayed as a result.

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- Questions and discussions may involve other pupils if they have been hurt, injured, or impacted by behaviour.
- The number of questions used may vary based on the age and specific needs of the pupil.
- These include questions such as: What has happened? What were you thinking at the time? What have you thought since? How did this make people feel? Who has been affected? How? What should we do to put things right? How can we do things differently in the future?

iii. Sanctions or meaningful consequence

At our school, we understand that if sanctions are overly punitive or poorly considered, they can have little or no impact. We are mindful of this and instead focus upon *meaningful consequence* to enable our pupils to understand that both in school, and in wider society, negative choices can impact upon not only others, but the individual themselves.

Meaningful consequences will be reasonable and proportionate given the context of the behaviour and the pupil. Some examples of these are shown below:

Undesirable Behaviours	Meaningful consequence
Breaking of our 'Relentless Routines' across school site	 ⇒ Sent back to repeat correctly ⇒ Arrange for practise in own time such as break or lunch
Refusal to complete work	 ⇒ Work sent home for completion ahead of next school day ⇒ Work at break or lunch time with class teacher
Unkindness to others, rudeness, or low-level disruption	⇒ 5-10 minutes with Class Teacher or relevant adults during break or lunch time to repair, help or assist with a task in a positive way

ANY of the following behaviour will result in a member of our Senior Leadership Team removing a pupil from their classroom:

- Persistent rudeness, refusal, or disruption in class (post use of script)
- Unsafe or harmful behaviour in class for self or towards others (can be single isolated example)
- Leaving classroom or refusing to re-enter classroom (after warning)

The pupil will be moved to a new location (which could be an alternative classroom) until their own class teacher is able to discuss the incident with them and hold a reparation discussion.

ANY of the following behaviours will automatically result in a pupil spending their break and lunchtime with a member of our Senior Team:

• Swearing **at** another person



- Threatening others
- Intentionally damaging property
- Hurting others deliberately
- Making comments that are racist, homophobic or are in any other way discriminatory or offensive.

The pupil will be collected at the end of lunchtime by their Class Teacher who will facilitate a reparation discussion. Further actions may be deemed to be appropriate by the Senior Leadership Team and for serious incidents this could include suspension or exclusion. Please see relevant policy.

iv. Follow up communications and next steps

It is essential that we communicate with parents when behaviour is challenging, unacceptable or is becoming more frequent. The purpose of this communication is to ensure that we are able to work together in support of the child.

As a minimum, if a child has had two incidents in the same week where they have reached the level of needing to have some time out, the Class Teacher will contact the parent(s) to share information around the incidents.

For children who are on our SEND (Special Educational Needs and Disabilities) register, our SEND team will be involved in the follow up process and review of provision to ensure that other interventions or assistance are considered and that supporting strategies are evalulated.

If the parents of a child do not reside at the same address, **both** will be contacted by the school when behaviour is becoming repeated or is a cause for wider concern. This will also be the case with any letters that are sent regarding such incidents or conduct.

For more serious behaviour incidents or a greater frequency of the above, a face-to-face meeting with Class Teacher and parents will be arranged. Other staff including SLT members may also attend if deemed appropriate by the school.

On occasion, it may be helpful for one of the school Trustees to attend. This gives our parents, pupils, and staff the chance to share the discussion with another person who is working to create the best outcomes possible for every pupil at our school.

Outcomes of face to face meetings could include:

- Completion of a Behaviour Support Plan with a focus on supporting measures and steps that can be taken at home and in school to improve behaviour or prevent reoccruance of unaccapetable behaviour.
- Referrals to outside agencies for wider support and intervention
- SEND actions or follow ups



v. Recording of incidents

We will record incidents in our behaviour tracker and review these on a regular basis. In addition, the following types of behaviour are examples that will be recorded on My Concern, the system that we use in-house for recording safeguarding incidents:

- Intentionally damaging property
- Hurting others deliberately
- Making comments that are racist, homophobic or are in any other way discriminatory or offensive
- Bullying or any form of child on child abuse

As a school, we may add other behaviour incidents to this record system and reserve the right to do so.

6. Extreme behaviours

On rare occasions, some children may exhibit more extreme behaviours and behaviours which may cause a significant risk to themselves and others. These will be dealt with by staff who work directly with these children alongside SLT.

Children may need to be restrained if they are exhibiting extreme behaviours, these will always be as a last resort. Any instances where this has taken place will always be reported and documented on My Concern. All staff who have used physical restraint need to report this via a school incident form. The use of Physical Restraint in our school follows the DFE Use of Reasonable force 2013. We do not operate a no contact policy.

Examples of where touching a pupil might be proper or necessary:

- Holding the hand of the child at the front/back of the line when going to assembly or when walking together around the school;
- When comforting a distressed pupil;
- When a pupil is being congratulated or praised;
- To demonstrate how to use a musical instrument;
- To demonstrate exercises or techniques during PE lessons or sports coaching; and
- To give first aid.

In some circumstances, staff may use reasonable force to restrain a pupil to prevent them:

- Causing disorder
- Hurting themselves or others
- Damaging property



Incidents of physical restraint must:

- Always be used as a last resort
- Be applied using the minimum amount of force and for the minimum amount of time possible
- Be used in a way that maintains the safety and dignity of all concerned
- Never be used as a form of punishment
- Be recorded and reported to parents

If a pupil complains about force being used on them, all complaints should be thoroughly, speedily, and appropriately investigated.

7. Searching and confiscating

- If a pupil is suspected of having prohibited items (knives, weapons, alcohol, illegal drugs, stolen items, tobacco, or cigarette papers, vapes, fireworks, pornographic images, or items which would pose a safeguarding risk to themselves or others, teachers can search their property with the consent of the child.
- If the child does not consent to a search taking place, then this can be done by the headteacher or member of staff authorised by the headteacher, but they must be the same sex as the pupil.
- At St Stephens School the headteacher and authorised staff can confiscate a mobile phone if it has been used during school time or if it has been used to cause distress to another pupil.
- Staff should ensure that any searching/ confiscating is documented on My Concern and ensure that they are aware of the safeguarding risk to pupils based on items found and alert DSLs (Designated Safeguarding Lead) accordingly.

Further information is within the DFE document – Searching, Screening, and confiscating

https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment data/file/1091133/Searching screening and confiscation advice 2014 updated 2018 .p df

8. Suspension and Exclusions

Suspensions may need to occur following extreme incidents and will always be a last resort. These will always be at the discretion of the Headteacher. Suspensions will either be in school, where children will work under supervision of a member of SLT, or fixed term out of school. Suspensions in school will always include physical rest breaks but this will be at a different time to the rest of the school. If these do take place, it will always be so that a plan can be created by the school to better support the pupil and prevent future situations happening. It will also give the child and parents opportunity to reflect on behaviour.

More information is available in the Exclusion Policy.



Permanent Exclusion will always be a last resort and considered under the following circumstances:

- The pupil has not responded to strategies and the safety and learning of others is being hindered.
- The risk to staff and other children is too high.
- The impact on staff, children and learning is too high.

9. Specific behaviours

i. Bullying

At St Stephens Junior School we define bullying as:

'Behaviour by an individual or group, usually repeated over time, that intentionally hurts another individual or group either physically or emotionally'

We do not accept any form of bullying within the school and any reported bullying will be dealt with promptly and firmly. Our separate Bullying Policy details the actions which will be taken when dealing with an incident of bullying. Where Bullying has been found to have taken place a DSL (Designated Safeguarding Lead) will be informed.

ii. Racial incidents

A racist incident is any incident which is perceived to be racist by the victim or any other person. Our separate Racial Incidents Policy details how such incidents will be dealt with. A DSL will always be informed of a racial incident via My Concern.

10. Pupil conduct when outside of school gates

i. School trips/visits

Children on school trips are expected to behave, as they would do in school. If inappropriate behaviour is identified, this will be dealt with in accordance with this policy and supporting appendix. Sanctions that are not practicable at that time will be applied when the pupil returns to the school setting. Immediate removal from the trip might also be an outcome.

If behaviour contravenes regard for health and safety or is regarded as serious the child may be excluded from the rest of the trip. Attendance on future trips will be managed and assessed with a clear behaviour plan and risk assessment.



ii. Other times and occasions

Teachers have a statutory power to discipline pupils for misbehaving outside of the school premises. Section 89(5) of the Education and Inspections Act 2006 gives Headteachers a specific statutory power to regulate pupils' behaviour in these circumstances 'to such extent as is reasonable'.

This may include any of the following times or occasions:

- Taking part in any school-organised or school-related activity
- Travelling to or from school
- Wearing school uniform
- In some other way identifiable as a pupil at the school.
- Or misbehaviour at any time, whether the conditions above apply, that:
- Could have repercussions for the orderly running of the school
- Poses a threat to another pupil or member of the public
- Could adversely affect the reputation of the school.

Date Policy Approved by Full Trustee Board: 20 September 2023

Date for renewal: September 2024







Appendix A: Teaching Standards



Teachers' Standards

PREAMBLE

Teachers make the education of their pupils their first concern, and are accountable for achieving the highest possible standards in work and conduct. Teachers act with honesty and integrity; have strong subject knowledge, keep their knowledge and skills as teachers up-to-date and are self-critical; forge positive professional relationships; and work with parents in the best interests of their pupils

PART ONE: TEACHING

A teacher must:

1 Set high expectations which inspire, motivate and challenge pupils

- establish a safe and stimulating environment for pupils, rooted in
- mutual respect set goals that stretch and challenge pupils of all backgrounds, abilities and dispositions
- demonstrate consistently the positive attitudes, values and behaviour which are expected of pupils

2 Promote good progress and outcomes by pupils

- be accountable for pupils' attainment, progress and outcomes
 be aware of pupils' capabilities and their prior knowledge, and plan
- teaching to build on these guide pupils to reflect on the progress they have made and their emerging needs
- demonstrate knowledge and understanding of how pupils learn and how this impacts on teaching
- encourage pupils to take a responsible and conscientious attitude to their own work and study

3 Demonstrate good subject and curriculum knowledge

- have a secure knowledge of the relevant subject(s) and curriculum areas, foster and maintain pupils' interest in the subject, and address misunderstandings
- demonstrate a critical understanding of developments in the subject and curriculum areas, and promote the value of scholarship demonstrate an understanding of and take responsibility for
- promoting high standards of literacy, articulacy and the correct use of standard English, whatever the teacher's specialist subject
- if teaching early reading, demonstrate a clear understanding of systematic synthetic phonics
- if teaching early mathematics, demonstrate a clear understanding of appropriate teaching strategies

4 Plan and teach well structured lessons

- impart knowledge and develop understanding through effective use of lesson time
- promote a love of learning and children's intellectual curiosity set homework and plan other out-of-class activities to consolidate
- and extend the knowledge and understanding pupils have acquired reflect systematically on the effectiveness of lessons and approaches
- to teaching contribute to the design and provision of an engaging curriculum
- within the relevant subject area(s).

5 Adapt teaching to respond to the strengths and needs of all pupils

- know when and how to differentiate appropriately, using approaches which enable pupils to be taught effectively
- have a secure understanding of how a range of factors can inhibit
- pupils' ability to learn, and how best to overcome these demonstrate an awareness of the physical, social and intellectual
- development of children, and know how to adapt teaching to support pupils' education at different stages of development
- have a clear understanding of the needs of all pupils, including those with special educational needs; those of high ability; those with English as an additional language; those with disabilities; and be able to use and evaluate distinctive teaching approaches to engage and support them.

6 Make accurate and productive use of assessment

- . know and understand how to assess the relevant subject and
- curriculum areas, including statutory assessment requirements make use of formative and summative assessment to secure pupils'
- progress use relevant data to monitor progress, set targets, and plan subsequent lessons
- give pupils regular feedback, both orally and through accurate marking, and encourage pupils to respond to the feedback.

Manage behaviour effectively to ensure a good and safe learning environment

- have clear rules and routines for behaviour in classrooms, and take responsibility for promoting good and courteous behaviour both in classrooms and around the school, in accordance with the school's behaviour policy
- have high expectations of behaviour, and establish a framework for discipline with a range of strategies, using praise, sanctions and rewards consistently and fairly
- manage classes effectively, using approaches which are appropriate to pupils' needs in order to involve and motivate them
- maintain good relationships with pupils, exercise appropriate authority, and act decisively when necessary.

8 Fulfil wider professional responsibilities

- make a positive contribution to the wider life and ethos of the school develop effective professional relationships with colleagues, knowing how and when to draw on advice and specialist support
- deploy support staff effectively take responsibility for improving teaching through appropriate professional development, responding to advice and feedback from colleagues
- communicate effectively with parents with regard to pupils' achievements and well-being

PART TWO: PERSONAL AND PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT

A teacher is expected to demonstrate consistently high standards of personal and professional conduct. The following statements define the behaviour and attitudes which set the required standard for conduct throughout a teacher's career

- Teachers uphold public trust in the profession and maintain high standards of ethics and behaviour, within and outside school, by
 - treating pupils with dignity, building relationships rooted in mutual 0 respect, and at all times observing proper boundaries appropriate to a teacher's professional position
 - having regard for the need to safeguard pupils' well-being, in accordance with statutory provisions

 - showing tolerance of and respect for the rights of others not undermining fundamental British values, including democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty and mutual respect, and tolerance 0 of those with different faiths and beliefs
 - ensuring that personal beliefs are not expressed in ways which 0 exploit pupils' vulnerability or might lead them to break the law.
- Teachers must have proper and professional regard for the ethos, policies and practices of the school in which they teach, and maintain high standards in their own attendance and punctuality.
- Teachers must have an understanding of, and always act within, the statutory frameworks which set out their professional duties and responsibilities.

The Teachers' Standards can be found on the GOV.UK website: https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/teachers-standards



Stepped Sanctions PiP and RiP

Reminder:

should be doing, privately.

1

Appendix B: Steps and script



2 **Caution**:

Speak to the child privately. Make them aware of behaviour You can be certain that... Think carefully about your next step.

3

Last chance:

Use 30 second script: You aren't following the rule about.... so you'l need to give me 2 mins of your time at break. You need to... Do you remember when you...(positive). That's who I need to see. Thank you. Walk away & give take up time.



TIME OUT

4

Time out:

5

SLT CALL:

Refusal to come back in or continuing with inappropriate behaviour. 'This isn't ok & you're now impacting on the class learning time so you'll need to go somewhere else but be certain that I will follow this up later." Reparation meeting later with teacher.





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Appendix C: SSJS Behaviour Blueprint

